

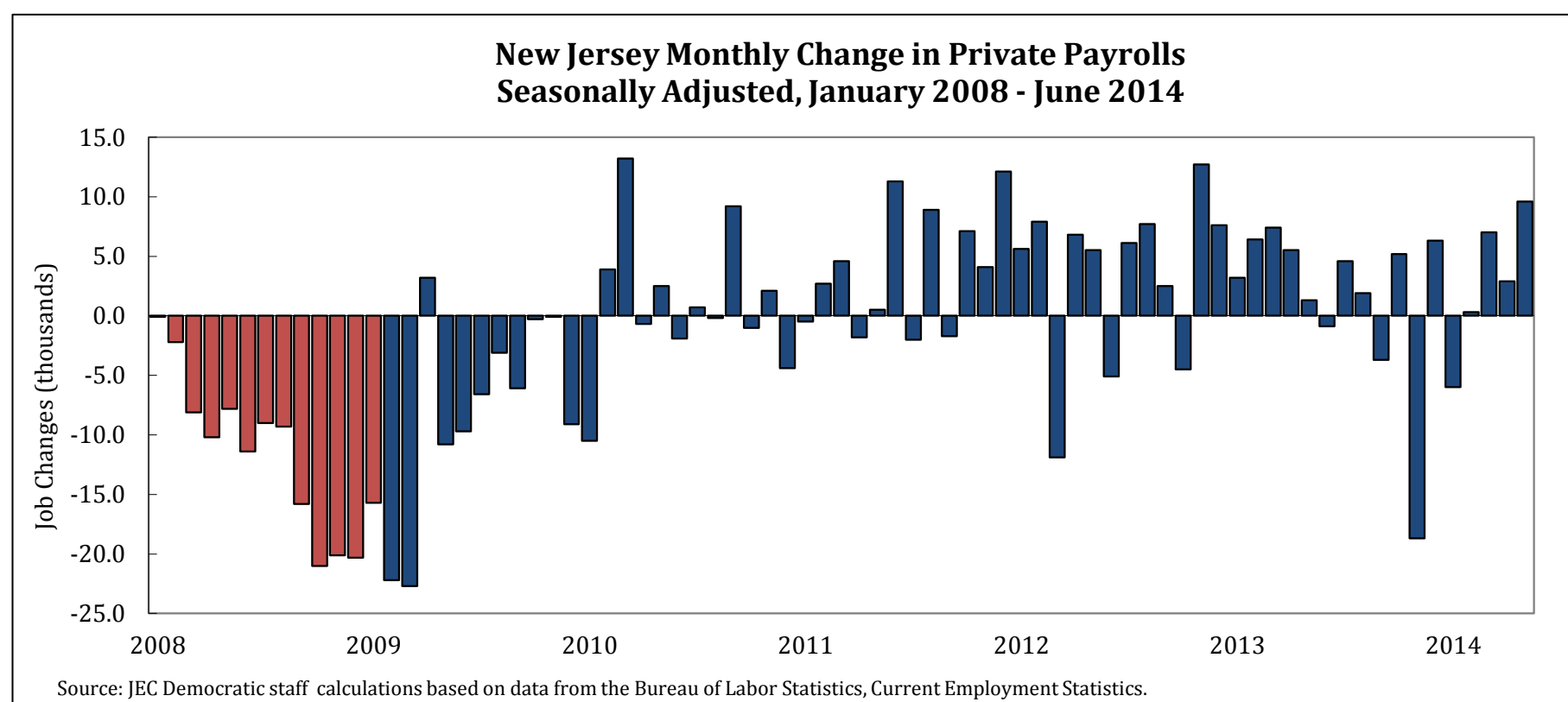


ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: NEW JERSEY

Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through June 2014

JOBS

- In June, private-sector employment in New Jersey grew by 9,600 jobs. Over the past year, the New Jersey private sector has added 8,500 jobs. This compares with an increase of 50,800 jobs over the 12 months ending in June 2013.
- New Jersey private-sector employers have added 141,900 jobs (an increase of 4.4 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In New Jersey, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: professional and business services (58,500 jobs), education and health services (40,400 jobs) and trade, transportation and utilities (37,600 jobs).
- The New Jersey sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: professional and business services (10.1 percent), leisure and hospitality (8.1 percent) and education and health services (6.7 percent).



UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in New Jersey was 6.6 percent in June 2014, down 0.2 percentage point from May. The rate is down 1.8 percentage points from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 9.7 percent in April 2010.
- 296,000 New Jersey residents were unemployed during June 2014, down from a recent high of 443,400 in February 2010. There are still 91,000 more people unemployed in New Jersey than when the recession began.
- In New Jersey, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 44,509 during May, down 6.2 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 16.7 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

EXPORTS

- In New Jersey, exports totaled \$3.4 billion in May and \$36.0 billion over the past year, down 1.5 percent from the 12 months ending in May 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- New Jersey exports over the past 12 months are up 9.5 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

HOUSING

- Home prices in New Jersey increased by 1.7 percent from the first quarter of 2013 to the first quarter of 2014 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 2.5 percent since their recent low in the second quarter of 2012 but remain 19.4 percent below their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in New Jersey totaled 23,490 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in May 2014, a decrease of 8.8 percent from April.
- Within the Northeast census region, which includes New Jersey, sales of new single-family homes totaled 34,000 units in May 2014, an increase of 54.5 percent from April. Sales of existing single-family homes increased by 4.1 percent to 510,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from April to May 2014.

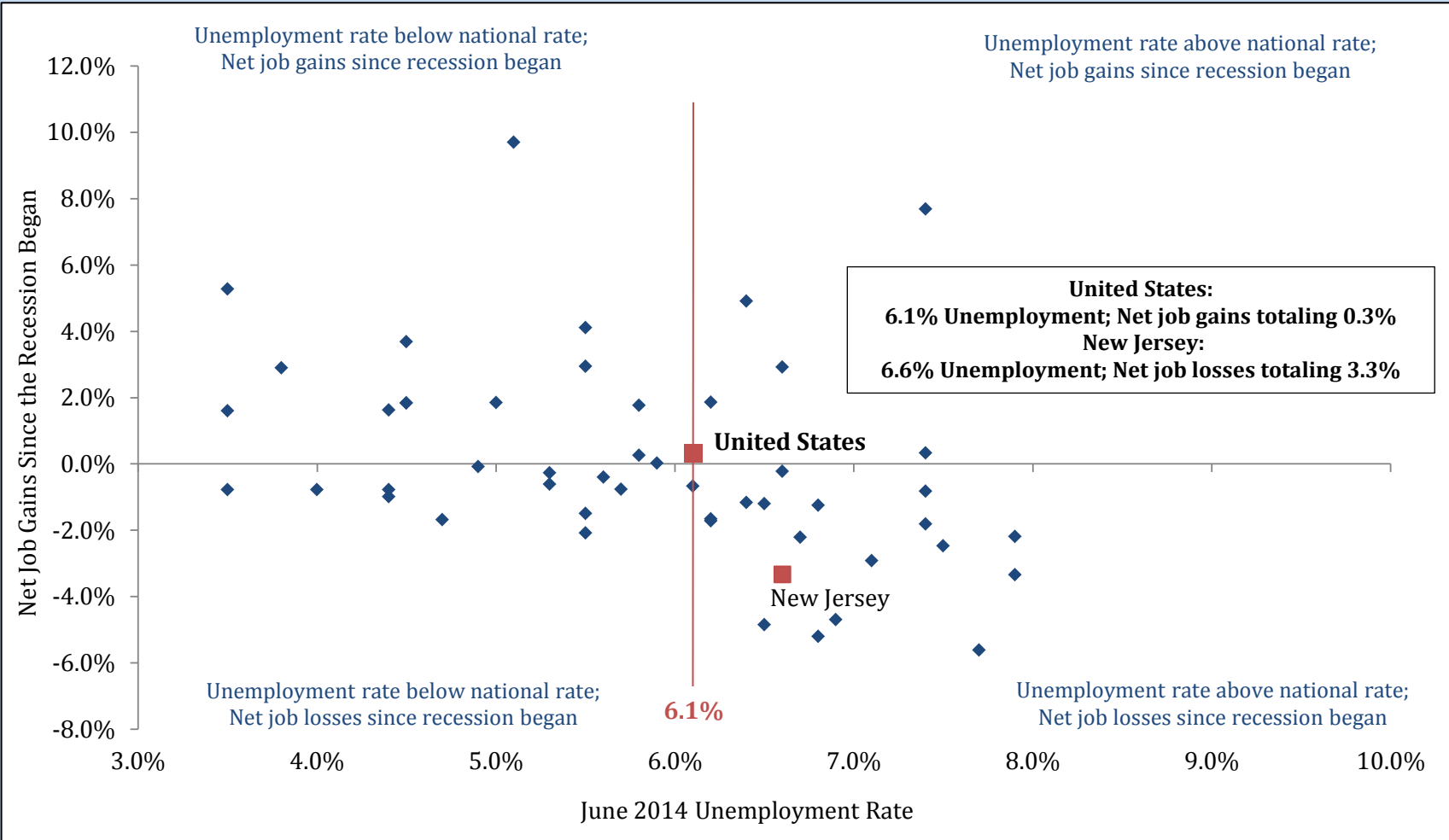
* For New Jersey-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the New Jersey office: http://lwd.dol.state.nj.us/labor/lpa/LMI_index.html

How Does New Jersey Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of New Jersey to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in New Jersey, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.7% and net job gains totaling 28.3% since the start of the recession.

STATE QUICK FACTS

		New Jersey	United States
Unemployment Rates	June 2014	6.6%	6.1%
	June 2013	8.4%	7.5%
	June 2012	9.5%	8.2%
	June 2011	9.4%	9.1%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	2013	5.9%	9.0%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2013	10.8%	6.6%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2013	11.8%	9.0%
Median Household Income	2012	\$ 66,692	\$ 51,017
	(2012 \$) 2007	\$ 67,006	\$ 55,627
Poverty Rate	2012	9.3%	15.0%
	2007	8.7%	12.5%
No Health Insurance	2012	14.0%	15.4%
	2007	14.6%	14.7%